FREQUENTLY ASKED TECHNICAL QUESTIONS

When there is a problem with your well, having a basic understanding of common symptoms and their causes can be helpful. This knowledge can help you when discussing the problem with the well contractor or pump installer that you contact for help or repair.

This information sheet lists some common technical problems with wells and the possible reasons behind them. You can also view more of our wellcare® information sheets on our website about other common problems, such as Coping With Low Water Levels or Wells: What to Do When the Power Fails.

Q: What Would Cause Air in my Water Lines?

A: If you experience sputtering of air when you turn on your water, there may be air in your water lines. There are a number of possible causes for air in a well’s water line, including:

- A failed tank, caused by:
  - A leak in the precharge pressure tank due to a faulty bladder/diaphragm.
  - A drawdown in a plain steel tank with the water/air line at the discharge connector.
- Excessive air from the use of an air inductor (used to remove iron or hydrogen sulfide) or other treatment unit.
- A gaseous well, due to gases present in the water, such as methane or hydrogen sulfide.

Important Note: This information sheet is intended as a guide to assist you in identifying possible reasons why your well might not be performing properly. Water Systems Council strongly recommends that you not attempt to fix these problems yourself. Please contact a licensed well contractor or pump installer for diagnosis and repair.

All of these require a licensed well contractor to identify and fix the problem. Call the water treatment professional who services your unit for assistance. Before calling for help, you may wish to fill a pitcher with water from the faucet and observe what happens, so that you can accurately describe the situation to the contractor. Note the color of the water and any fizzing or sputtering that takes place when running the faucet. For a list of licensed well contractors in your area, use our interactive map on our website. If you need help locating a licensed well contractor, contact the wellcare® Hotline at 1-888-395-1033.

Q: I Have Low or No Water Pressure or Water Flow. What Would Cause This to Happen?

A: First, it is important to understand the difference between water pressure and water flow. Water flow may be used to describe the time it takes to fill a pot with water. Water pressure is often best observed when taking a shower. For example, if you have low water pressure, the water may not come out forcefully enough to rinse shampoo from your hair.
Water pressure often gets lower on higher levels of the home, or when multiple water-using appliances are working at the same time.

Some possible reasons for low or no water pressure or flow are:

- No water pressure or flow due to a power failure.
- No water pressure or flow due to a well that has gone dry.
- No water pressure or flow due to an inadequate water supply.
- No water pressure or flow due to a faulty pressure switch.
- Low water pressure or flow due to the addition of water treatment equipment without adjusting the pressure switch to a higher setting.
- Low water pressure or flow due to a filter that has become clogged.
- Decreased water pressure or flow due to an obstruction in the water line.
- Low water pressure or flow due to the lowering of the water table, making the pump not capable of reaching the higher pressures at the design flow.
- Low water pressure or flow due to a leak in the system piping.

Again, a licensed well contractor can best identify and fix problems related to low or no water pressure or flow. Be sure to relay any specifics – such as where and when the problem began, and any knowledge of work performed on or around your well recently – to the contractor who services your well.

Q: Why Does My Water Pressure Surge?

A: Possible reasons for fluctuating water pressure include:

- The pump capacity is far greater than the demand of the system on start-up, and there is an inadequately sized pressure tank.
- A quick closing valve is shut off, or there is a rapid change in flow (this phenomenon is commonly known as water hammer).
- Your well system is faulty, or a system component has failed.
- The pump is undersized.

As with the problem of low or no water pressure, be sure to provide the contractor who services your well with any information related to the problem.

Q: When the Water is in Use, the Pump Clicks On and Off. Why Would This Happen?

A: Some reasons for rapid cycling of the pressure switch include:

- The air cushion in the pressure or plain steel tank has been depleted, commonly referred to as waterlogged tank. For pressure tanks, that is due to the loss of air. For plain steel tanks, the air volume control is not working.
- Rapid pressure tanks, that is due to the loss of air. For plain steel tanks, the air volume control is not working.

If you are experiencing this problem, contact a licensed well contractor as soon as possible, to prevent damage to your well pump.
Sample Water Well System

1. Check Valve
2. Rope Insert Adapter
3. Clamps
4. Heat Shrink Splice Kit
5. Torque Arrester
6. Safety Rope
7. Cable Tie or Tape
8. Cable Guard
9. Pitless Adapter
10. Male/Female Insert Adapter
11. Well Cap
12. Well Seal
13. Check Valve
14. Tank Tee
15. Drain Valve
16. Nipple
17. Relief Valve
18. Pressure Gauge
19. Pressure Switch
20. Power Disconnect
21. Control Box
22. Lightning Arrester
23. Ball Valve
24. Pressure Tank
25. Pump

This illustration is intended to represent some of the components that can be included in a water well system and is not intended as an installation guide. Check local codes for actual requirements and restrictions.
For More Information on Technical Issues with Wells

Contact your licensed well contractor, local health department, state environmental agency, or the wellcare® Hotline. The Water Systems Council’s *Water Systems Handbook* provides technical information on well maintenance and service.

Information to help maintain and protect your water well system:

wellcare® is a program of the Water Systems Council (WSC). WSC is the only national organization solely focused on protecting the health and water supply of an estimated 23 million households nationwide who depend on private wells (according to the U.S. EPA).

This publication is one of more than 100 wellcare® information sheets available FREE at [www.watersystemscouncil.org](http://www.watersystemscouncil.org).

Well owners and others with questions about wells and well water can contact the wellcare® Hotline at 1-888-395-1033 or visit [www.wellcarehotline.org](http://www.wellcarehotline.org) to fill out a contact form or chat with us live!

**JOIN THE WELLCARE® WELL OWNERS NETWORK!**

By joining the FREE wellcare® Well Owners Network, you will receive regular information on how to maintain your well and protect your well water.

Contact us at 1-888-395-1033 or visit [www.wellcarehotline.org](http://www.wellcarehotline.org) to join!